



believes that

We have the right notion of schema

for

semi-structured data

foaf:name

Juan L Reutter

works in

Catholic U. of Chile

works in

IMFD

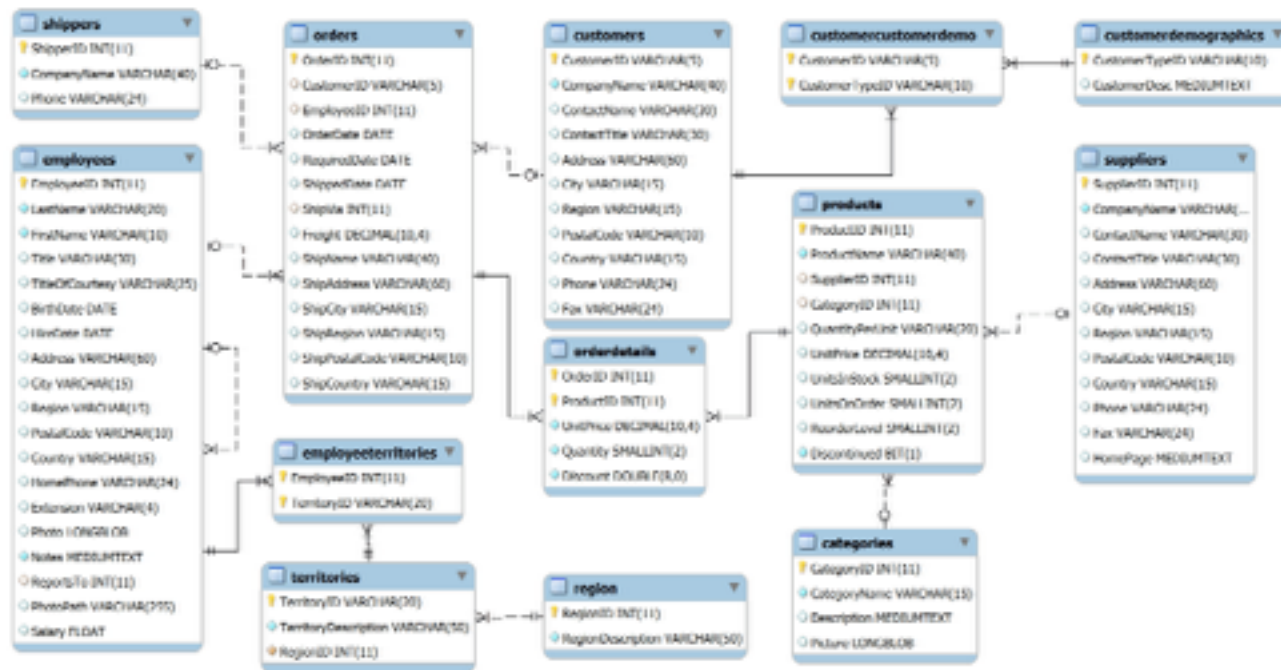
works in

Hipster cafes

Schema

Schema

“the home where the data lives in”



Semistructured data



As databases grow,
we need a way to understand what they have
and how to query them

[illegible]

Basics

Accounts and users

- Subscribe to account activity
- Manage account settings and profile
- View, block and report users
- Follow, search, and get users
- Create and manage lists
- User profile images and banners

Tweets

Direct Messages

Media

Trends

Geo

Ads

Metrics

Publisher tools

Twitter for Websites

Labs

Developer utilities

API reference index

Follow, search, and get users

Overview API Reference

API Reference overview

GET followers/ids	GET users/lookup
GET followers/list	GET users/search
GET friends/ids	GET users/show
GET friends/full	GET users/suggestions (deprecated)
GET friendships/lookup	GET users/suggestions/slug (deprecated)
GET friendships/lookup	GET users/suggestions/slug/members (deprecated)
GET friendships/reverse/ids	POST friends/create
GET friendships/outgoing	POST friends/destroy
GET friendships/show	POST friendships/create

GET friendships/lookup

Returns the relationships of the authenticating user to the screen_name(s) or user_ids provided. Returns for `screen_name`, `user_id`, `following`, `following_requested`, `followed_by`, `block`, `blocking`, `blocking`.

Resource URL

<https://api.twitter.com/2.0/friendships/lookup.json>

Resource Information

Response format	JSON
Requires authentication?	Yes (user context only)
Rate limited?	Yes
Requires 1.1B+ min volume (user auth)	1B

Parameters

Name	Required	Description	Default Value	Example
screen_name	optional	A comma-separated list of screen names. Up to 100 are allowed in a single request.		@twitter/twtr
user_id	optional	A comma-separated list of user IDs. Up to 100 are allowed in a single request.		152124040500

Example Requests

```

$ curl -XGET https://api.twitter.com/2.0/friendships/lookup \
  -H "Host: api.twitter.com" \
  -H "Authorization: Bearer YOUR_ACCESS_TOKEN" \
  -H "Content-Type: application/json" \
  -d '{"screen_name": "@twitter/twtr", "user_id": 152124040500}'

```

Example Response

```

{
  "response": {
    "screen_name": "@twitter/twtr",
    "user_id": 152124040500,
    "following": true,
    "following_requested": false,
    "followed_by": false,
    "block": false,
    "blocking": false
  }
}

```


Basics

Accounts and users

- Subscribe to account activity
- Manage account settings and profile
- View, block and report users
- Follow, search, and get users
- Create and manage lists
- Use profile images and banners

Tweets

Direct Messages

Media

Trends

Geo

Overview API Reference

API Reference overview

GET followers/ids	GET users/lookup
GET followers/list	GET users/search
GET friends/ids	GET users/show
GET friends/list	GET users/suggestions (deprecated)
GET friendships/lookup	GET users/suggestions/slug (deprecated)
GET friendships/lookup	GET users/suggestions/slug/members (deprecated)
GET friendships/reverse/ids	POST friendships/create
GET friendships/routing	POST friendships/destroy
GET friendships/show	POST friendships/poke

GET friendships/lookup

Retrieves the following user to the same requested set of up to 100 users, names or user_ids provided. Returns for `username` user for `following_requested`, `following_id`, `name`, `blocking`, `blocked`.

JSON URL

`https://api.twitter.com/2/friendships/lookup.json`

JSON Information

100 200



Wikidata Query Service

Examples

Help

More tools

English

1 (Input a SPARQL query or choose a query example)



Schema in semistructured data

Information about:

- what is in the data
- how to query it
- systems can use it

This talk => Shape-based schemas

Shape-based Schemas - general form

$\mathcal{L}_{\text{type}}$

language to express shapes

$\mathcal{L}_{\text{const}}$

language to express constraints

Shape-based Schemas - general form

$\mathcal{L}_{\text{type}}$

language to express shapes

$\mathcal{L}_{\text{const}}$

language to express constraints

$T(x)$

Answers of this query must be of a shape

$\varphi(x)$

Nodes of the shape must satisfy this query

Shape-based Schemas - general form

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language to express constraints

$T(x)$

Answers of this query must be of a shape

$\varphi(x)$

Nodes of the shape must satisfy this query

$$T(x) \rightarrow \varphi(x)$$

JSON Schema

```
{  
  "name": "Aconcagua",  
  "elevation": 6960,  
  "country": "Argentina",  
  "first_ascender": {  
    "name": "Matthias",  
    "surname": "Zurbriggen"  
  }  
}
```

```
{  
  "type": "object",  
  "properties": {  
    "name": {"type": "string"},  
    "elevation": {"type": "integer"},  
    "country": {"type": "string"},  
    "first_ascender": {  
      ...  
    }  
  }  
}
```


JSON Schema

$\mathcal{L}_{\text{type}}$

root shape must conform root JSON Schema

$\mathcal{L}_{\text{const}}$

There must be a name (string),
there must be a country (string),...

If there is a first ascender, then

JSON Schema

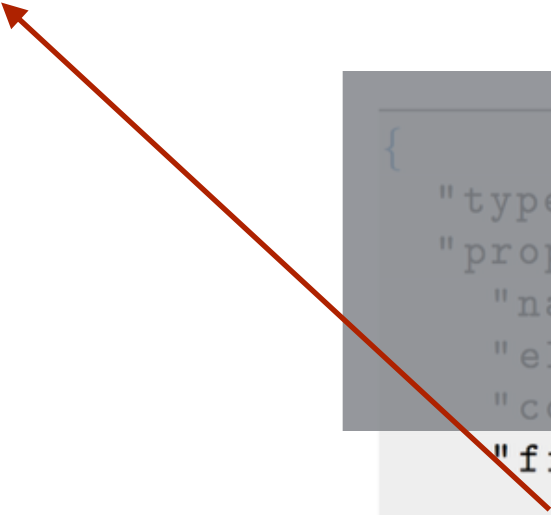
```
{  
  "name": "Aconcagua",  
  "elevation": 6960,  
  "country": "Argentina",  
  "first_ascender": {  
    "name": "Matthias",  
    "surname": "Zurbriggen"  
  }  
}
```

```
{  
  "type": "object",  
  "properties": {  
    "name": {"type": "string"},  
    "elevation": {"type": "integer"},  
    "country": {"type": "string"},  
    "first_ascender": {  
      ...  
    }  
  }  
}
```

JSON Schema

```
{
  "definitions": {
    "person": {
      "type": "object",
      "properties": {
        "name": {"type": "string"},
        "surname": {"type": "string"}
      }
    }
  }
}
```

```
{
  "name": "Aconcagua",
  "elevation": 6960,
  "country": "Argentina",
  "first_ascender": {
    "name": "Matthias",
    "surname": "Zurbriggen"
  }
}
```



```
{
  "type": "object",
  "properties": {
    "name": {"type": "string"},
    "elevation": {"type": "integer"},
    "country": {"type": "string"},
    "first_ascender": {
      "$ref": "#/definitions/person"
    }
  }
}
```

JSON Schema

$\mathcal{L}_{\text{type}}$

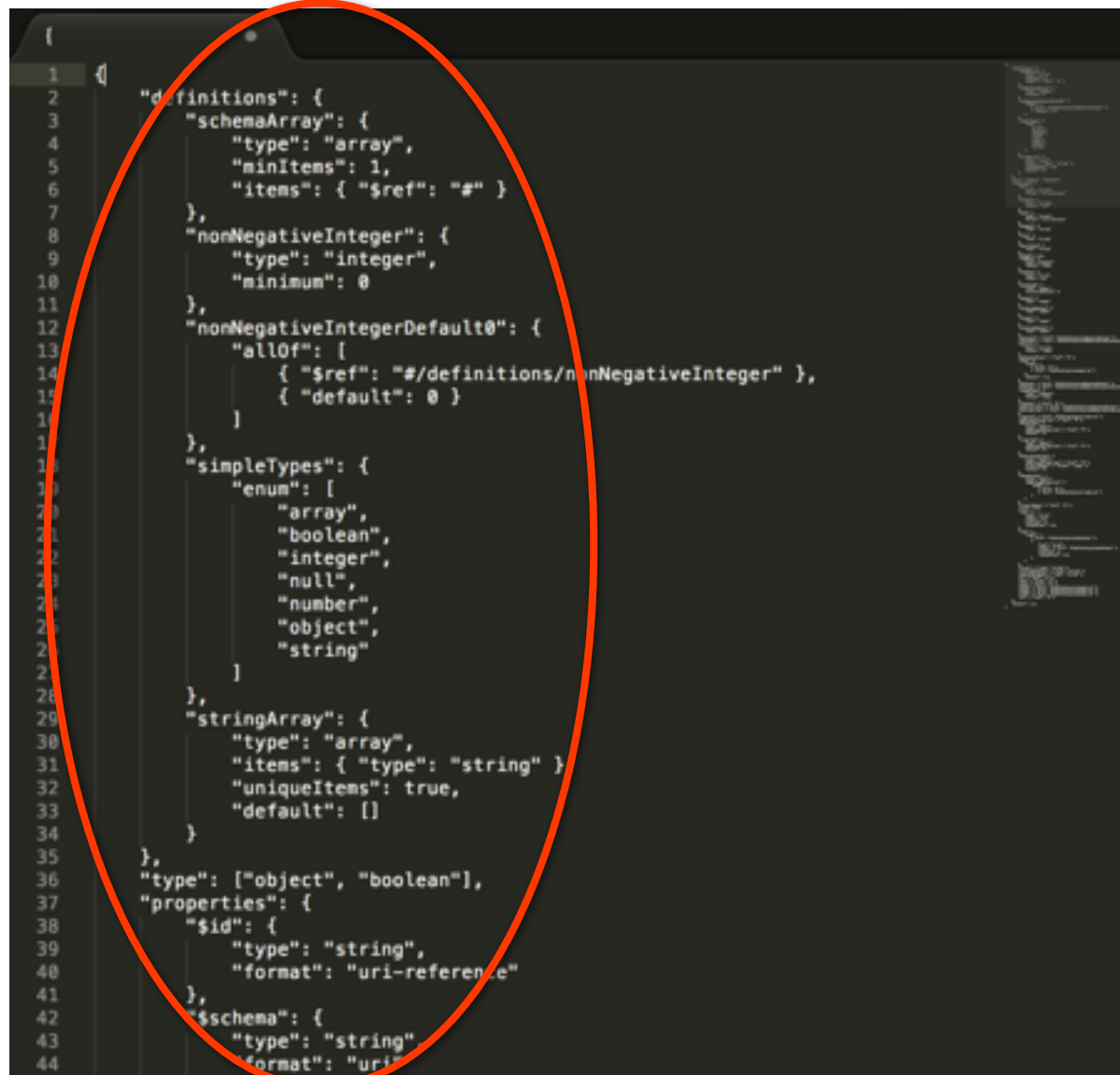
root shape must conform root JSON Schema

$\mathcal{L}_{\text{const}}$

There must be a name (string),
there must be a country (string),...

If there is a first ascender, then **it satisfies shape person**

Real JSON schemas use a lot of shapes



```
{
  "definitions": {
    "schemaArray": {
      "type": "array",
      "minItems": 1,
      "items": { "$ref": "#" }
    },
    "nonNegativeInteger": {
      "type": "integer",
      "minimum": 0
    },
    "nonNegativeIntegerDefault0": {
      "allOf": [
        { "$ref": "#/definitions/nonNegativeInteger" },
        { "default": 0 }
      ]
    },
    "simpleTypes": {
      "enum": [
        "array",
        "boolean",
        "integer",
        "null",
        "number",
        "object",
        "string"
      ]
    },
    "stringArray": {
      "type": "array",
      "items": { "type": "string" },
      "uniqueItems": true,
      "default": []
    }
  },
  "type": ["object", "boolean"],
  "properties": {
    "$id": {
      "type": "string",
      "format": "uri-reference"
    },
    "$schema": {
      "type": "string",
      "format": "uri"
    }
  }
}
```


Shape-based Schemas - general form

$\mathcal{L}_{\text{type}}$

language to express shapes

$\mathcal{L}_{\text{const}}$

language to express constraints

\mathcal{S} Set of shapes (person, address, mountain, etc...)

$T_{\mathcal{S}}(x)$ Answers of this query must be of shape \mathcal{S}

$\varphi_{\mathcal{S}}(x)$ Nodes of shape \mathcal{S} must satisfy this query.
Query can use shape names!

SHACL

:movieShape

```
  a    sh:NodeShape ;
  sh:targetClass    :movie ;
  sh:property [
    sh:path    :starring ;
    sh:node    :personShape
  ] ;
  sh:property [
    sh:path    :director ;
    sh:minCount    1 ;
    sh:node    :personShape
  ] ;
```

:personShape

```
  a    sh:NodeShape ;
  sh:property [
    sh:path    :spouse ;
    sh:node    :personShape
  ] .
```

SHACL

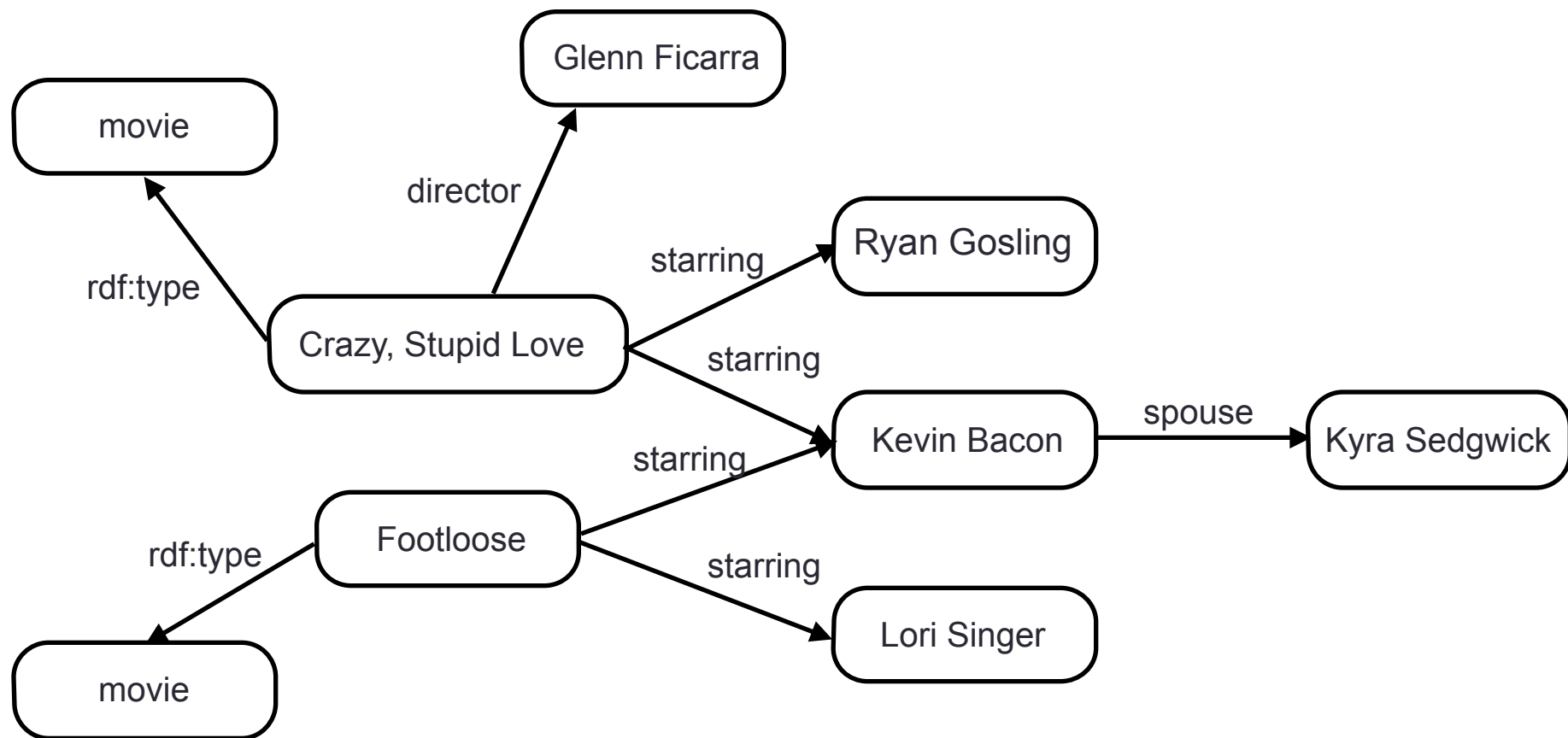
`:movieShape`

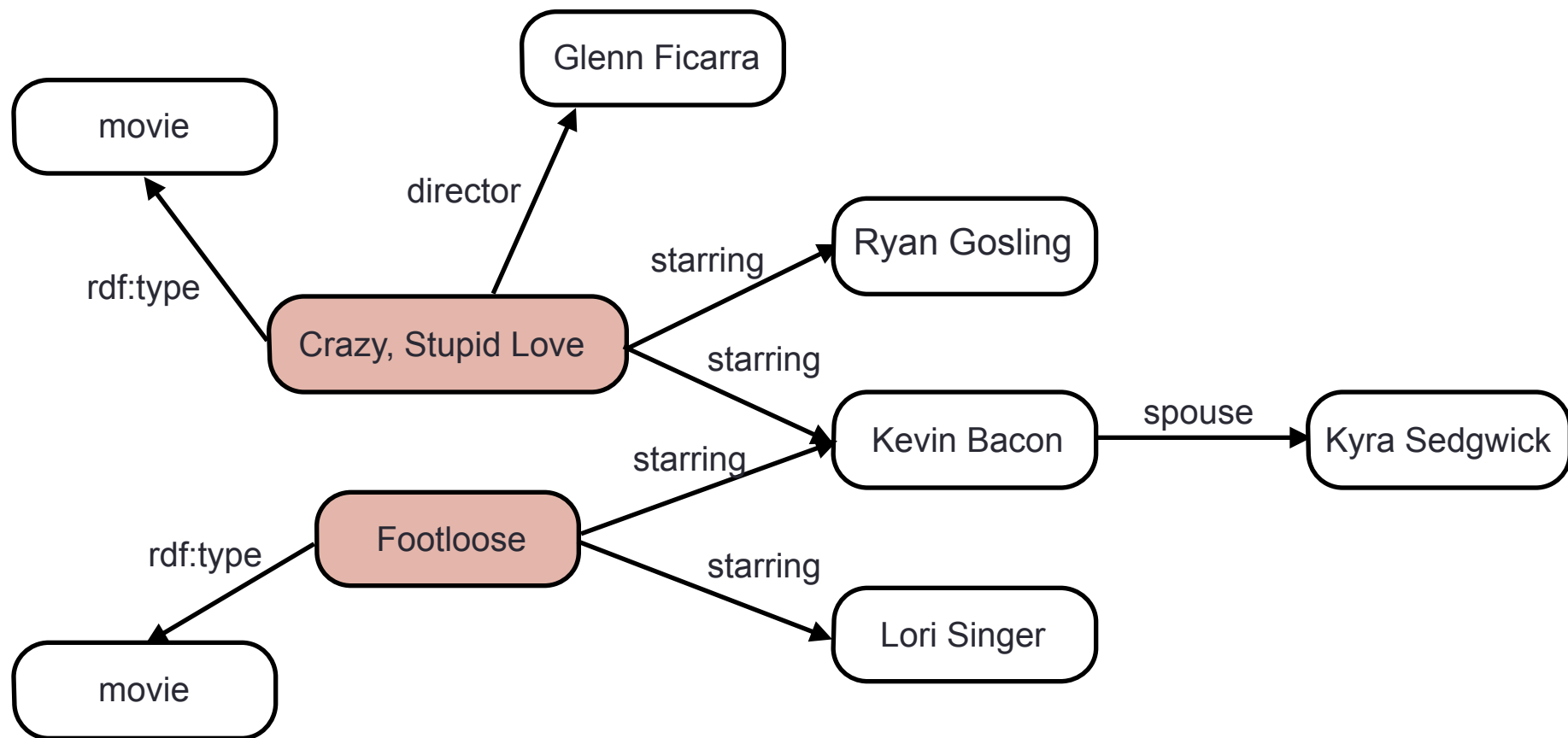
```
a    sh:NodeShape ;
sh:targetClass    :movie ;
sh:property [
    sh:path    :starring ;
    sh:node    :personShape
] ;
sh:property [
    sh:path    :director ;
    sh:minCount    1 ;
    sh:node    :personShape
] ;
```

`:personShape`

```
a    sh:NodeShape ;
sh:property [
    sh:path    :spouse ;
    sh:node    :personShape
] .
```

All nodes of type `:movie` must conform to `:movieShape`





these nodes must conform to :movieShape

SHACL

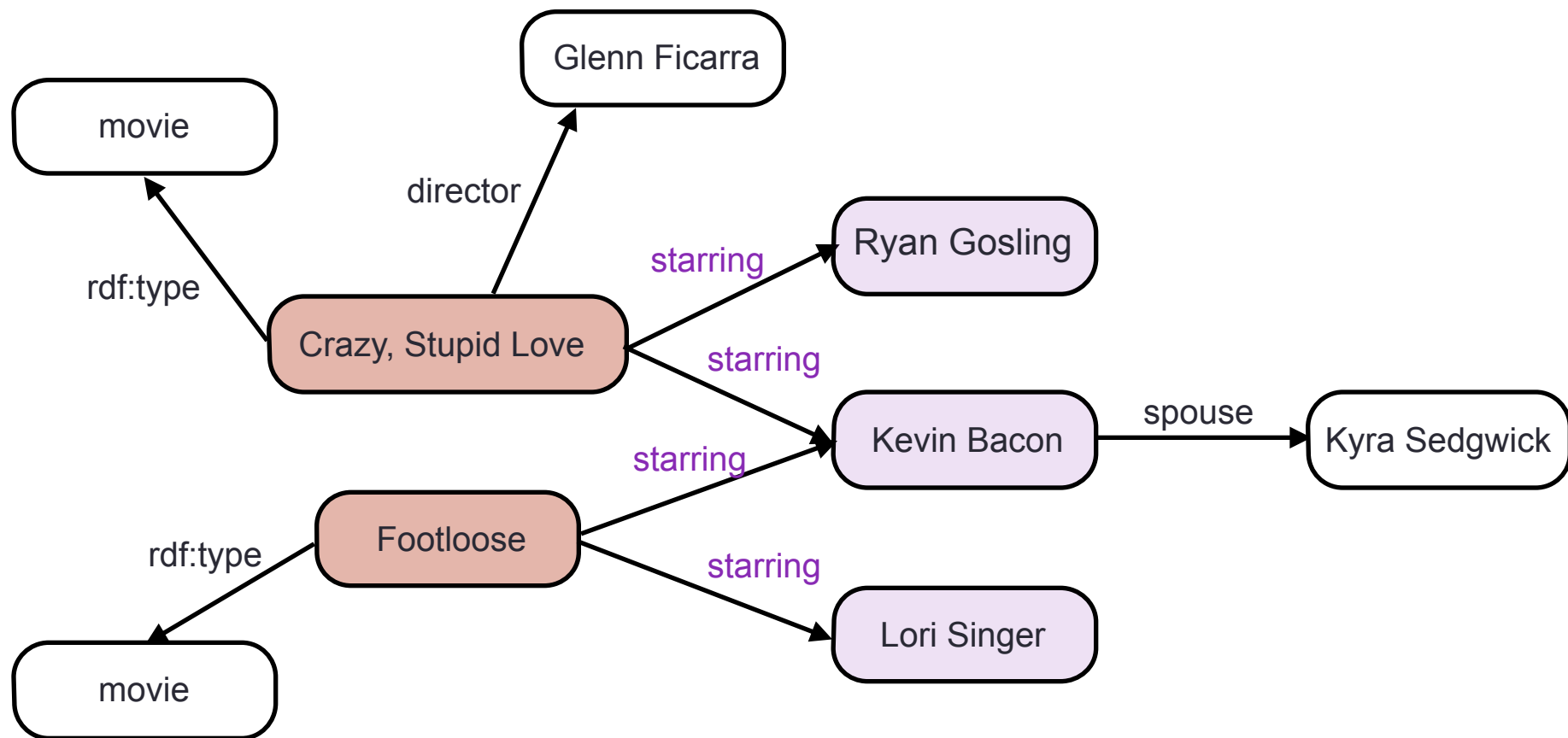
`:movieShape`

```
a    sh:NodeShape ;
sh:targetClass    :movie ;
sh:property [
    sh:path    :starring ;
    sh:node    :personShape
] ;
sh:property [
    sh:path    :director ;
    sh:minCount    1 ;
    sh:node    :personShape
] ;
```

`:personShape`

```
a    sh:NodeShape ;
sh:property [
    sh:path    :spouse ;
    sh:node    :personShape
] .
```

Neighbours of nodes assigned `:movieShape`,
connected by `:starring`,
must satisfy `:personShape`



these nodes must conform to :personShape

SHACL

`:movieShape`

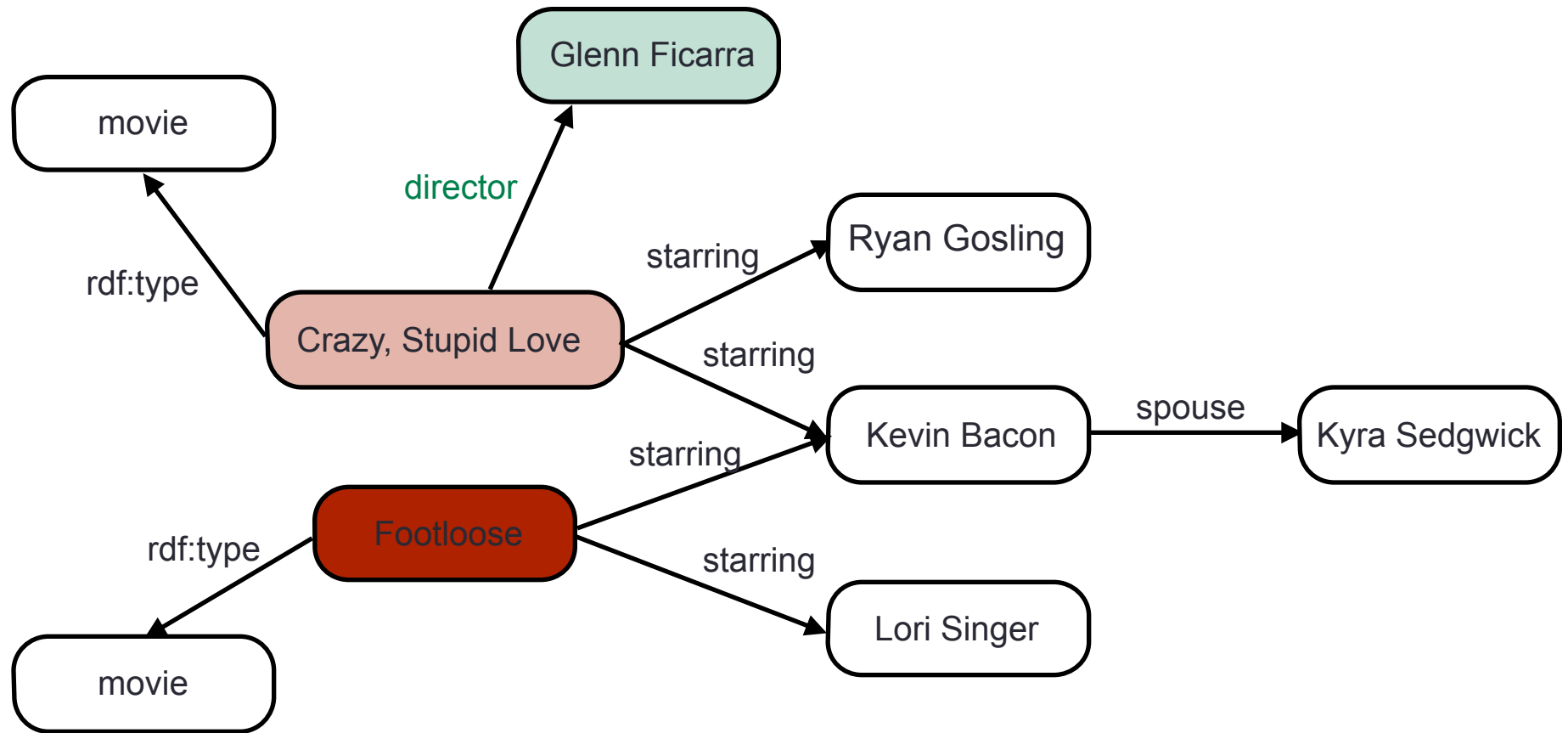
```
  a    sh:NodeShape ;
  sh:targetClass    :movie ;
  sh:property [
    sh:path    :starring ;
    sh:node    :personShape
  ] ;
  sh:property [
    sh:path    :director ;
    sh:minCount    1 ;
    sh:node    :personShape
  ] ;
```

`:personShape`

```
  a    sh:NodeShape ;
  sh:property [
    sh:path    :spouse ;
    sh:node    :personShape
  ] .
```

Neighbours of nodes assigned `:movieShape`,
connected by `:director`,
must satisfy `:personShape`,
we need at least 1

this node must conform to :personShape



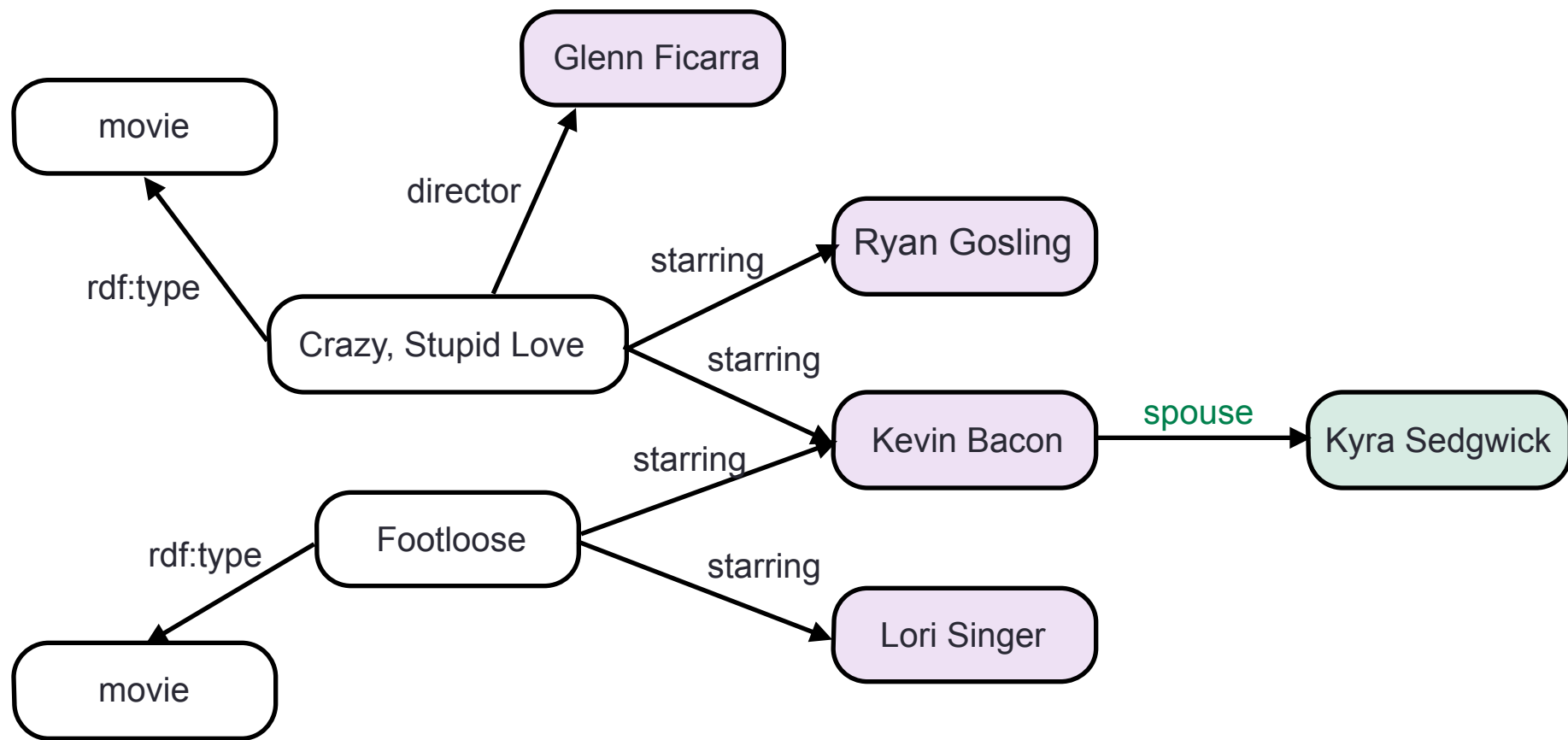
violation: every movie needs at least one director

SHACL

```
:movieShape
  a      sh:NodeShape ;
  sh:targetClass :movie ;
  sh:property [
    sh:path      :starring ;
    sh:node      :personShape
  ] ;
  sh:property [
    sh:path      :director ;
    sh:minCount  1 ;
    sh:node      :personShape
  ] ;
```

```
:personShape
  a      sh:NodeShape ;
  sh:property [
    sh:path      :spouse ;
    sh:node      :personShape
  ] .
```

Neighbours of nodes assigned :personShape,
connected by :spouse,
must satisfy :personShape



these nodes must conform to :personShape

Shape-based Schemas - general form

$\mathcal{L}_{\text{type}}$

language to express shapes

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\mathcal{S} Set of shapes (person, address, mountain, etc...)

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Query can use shape names!

What have we done

JSON Schema

SHACL (Shapes Constraint Language)

Helping with specification

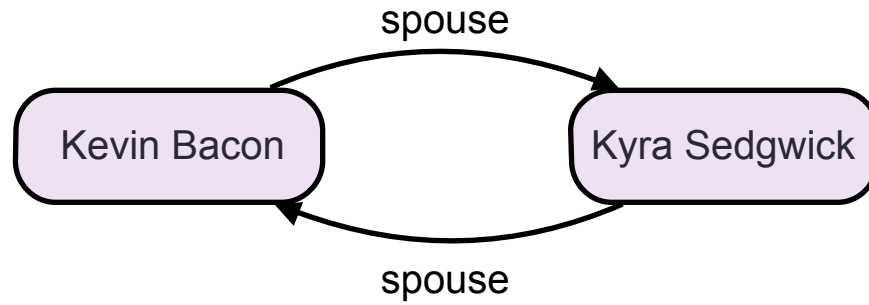
Semantics (specs never provide this)

Validation

Learning

Remark: semantics

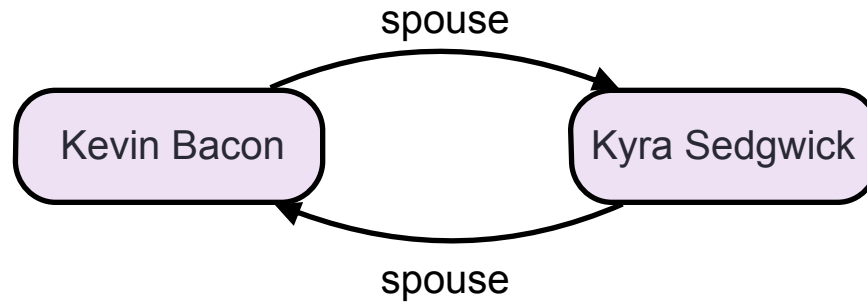
Remark: semantics



“Spouses of persons are persons”

```
:personShape
  a    sh:NodeShape ;
  sh:property [
    sh:path    :spouse ;
    sh:node    :personShape
  ] .
```

Remark: semantics

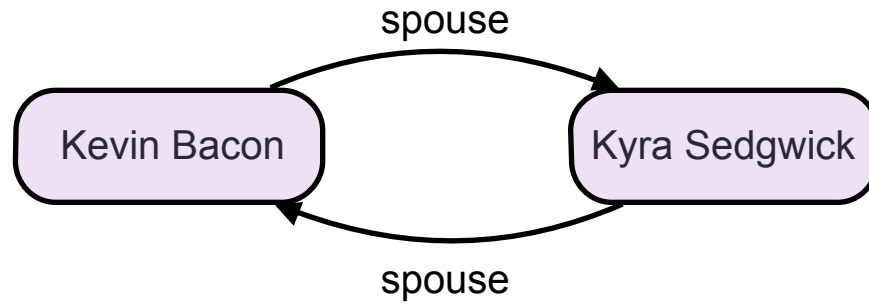


“Spouses of persons are persons”

SAT semantics:

graph satisfy schema if
there is an assignment of shapes
that satisfy the constraints

Remark: semantics



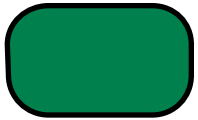
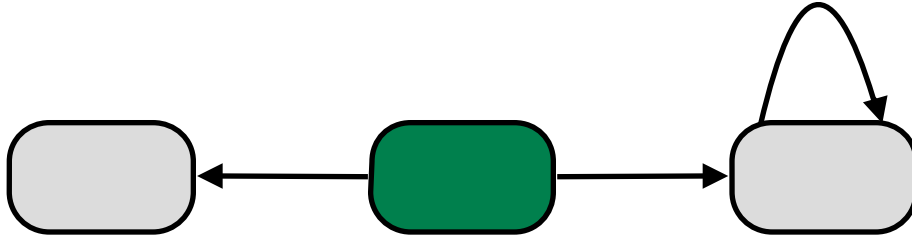
“Spouses of persons are persons”

Stable Model Semantics:

graph satisfy schema if
there is an assignment of shapes
that satisfy the constraints
and where each assignment is justified

Remark: semantics

Guess a good assignment?



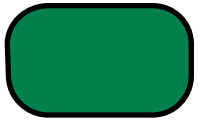
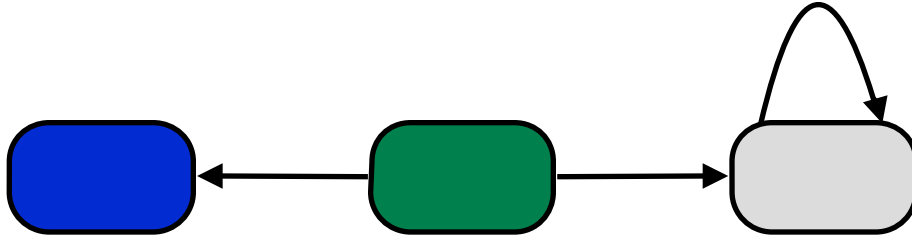
“I have a blue neighbour”



“My neighbours are not blue”

Remark: semantics

Guess a good assignment?



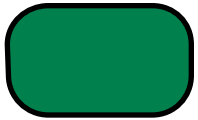
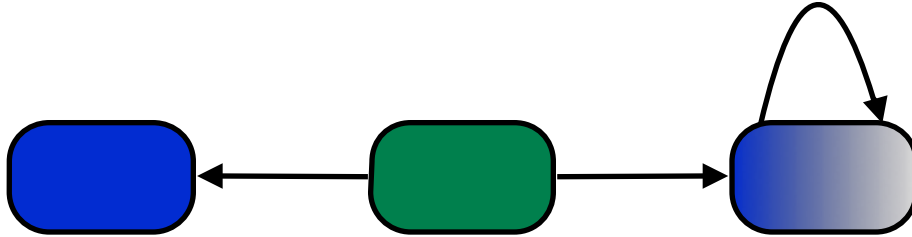
“I have a blue neighbour”



“My neighbours are not blue”

Remark: semantics

Guess a good assignment?



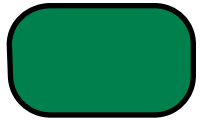
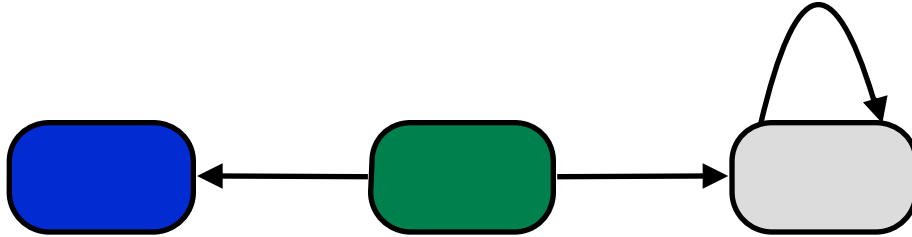
“I have a blue neighbour”



“My neighbours are not blue”

Remark: semantics

Guess a (partial) good assignment



“I have a blue neighbour”



“My neighbours are not blue”

Where should we go from here?

Where should we go from here?



everyone wants schemas
difficult to write

need to learn all these schemas

Where should we go from here?

Querying!

Use the schema to speed things up